

on receipt and acceptance of their application packages.

§ 661.45 How is a list of deficient bridges to be generated?

(a) In consultation with the BIA, a list of deficient BIA IRR bridges will be developed each fiscal year by the FHWA based on the annual April update of the NBI. The NBI is based on data from the inspection of all bridges. Likewise, a list of non-BIA IRR bridges will be obtained from the NBI. These lists would form the basis for identifying bridges that would be considered potentially eligible for participation in the IRRBP. Two separate master bridge lists (one each for BIA and non-BIA IRR bridges) will be developed and will include, at a minimum, the following:

- (1) Sufficiency rating (SR);
- (2) Status (structurally deficient or functionally obsolete);
- (3) Average daily traffic (NBI item 29);
- (4) Detour length (NBI item 19); and
- (5) Truck average daily traffic (NBI item 109).

(b) These lists would be provided by the FHWA to the BIADOT for publication and notification of affected BIA area offices, Indian tribal governments (ITGs), and State and local governments.

(c) BIA area offices in consultation with ITGs, are encouraged to prioritize the design for bridges that are structurally deficient over bridges that are simply functionally obsolete, since the former is more critical structurally than the latter. Bridges that have higher average daily traffic (ADT) should be considered before those that have lower ADT. Detour length should also be a factor in selection and submittal of bridges, with those having a higher detour length being of greater concern. Lastly, bridges with higher truck ADT should take precedence over those which have lower truck ADT. Other items of note should be whether school buses use the bridge and the types of trucks that may cross the bridge and the loads imposed.

§ 661.47 In the event of project cost over runs, how would they be funded?

(a) Because of the critical nature of this program, BIA area road engineer (ARE) approved costs in excess of the project estimate could be funded out of this program depending on the availability of funds and subject to BIADOT/FLH project approval procedures. The ARE would request additional IRRBP funding for a specific bridge project and submit a request with appropriate justification along with an explanation as to why this additional IRRBP funding is necessary.

(b) In addition, project cost over runs may be funded out of regular IRR program funds.

§ 661.49 Could regular IRR funds be used to fund a bridge project?

Yes. Regular IRR construction funds can be used to fund a bridge project with the concurrence of the FHWA, BIADOT and the BIA ARE.

§ 661.51 Could bridge maintenance be performed with these funds?

No. Bridge maintenance repairs would not be within the scope of funding, e.g., guard rail repair, deck repairs, repair of traffic control devices, striping, cleaning scuppers, deck sweeping, snow and debris removal, etc. There are maintenance funds available through annual Department of the Interior appropriations for use on BIA owned bridges. The Department of the Interior maintenance funds would be the appropriate funding source for bridge maintenance.

PART 667 [RESERVED]

PART 668—EMERGENCY RELIEF PROGRAM

Subpart A—Procedures for Federal-Aid Highways

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