

(k) *Repeat intoxicated driver* means a person who has been convicted of driving while intoxicated or driving under the influence of alcohol more than once in any five-year period.

(l) *Repeat intoxicated driver law* means a State law that imposes the minimum penalties specified in §1275.4 of this part for all repeat intoxicated drivers.

(m) *State* means any of the 50 States, the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

[63 FR 55802, Oct. 19, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 59124, Oct. 4, 2000]

**§ 1275.4 Compliance criteria.**

(a) To avoid the transfer of funds as specified in §1275.6 of this part, a State must enact and enforce a law that establishes, as a minimum penalty, that all repeat intoxicated drivers shall:

(1) Receive a driver's license suspension of not less than one year;

(2) Be subject to either—

(i) The impoundment of each of the driver's motor vehicles during the one-year license suspension;

(ii) The immobilization of each of the driver's motor vehicles during the one-year license suspension; or

(iii) The installation of a State-approved ignition interlock system on each of the driver's motor vehicles at the conclusion of the one-year license suspension;

(3) Receive an assessment of their degree of alcohol abuse, and treatment as appropriate; and

(4) Receive a mandatory sentence of—

(i) Not less than five days of imprisonment or 30 days of community service for a second offense; and

(ii) Not less than ten days of imprisonment or 60 days of community service for a third or subsequent offense.

(b) *Exceptions.* (1) A State may provide limited exceptions to the impoundment or immobilization requirements contained in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section on an individual basis, to avoid undue hardship to any individual who is completely dependent on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life, including any family member of the convicted individual, and any co-owner of the motor vehicle, but not including the offender.

(2) A State may provide limited exceptions to the requirement to install an ignition interlock system on each of the offender's motor vehicles, contained in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section, on an individual basis, to avoid undue financial hardship, provided the State law requires that the offender may not operate a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock system.

(3) Such exceptions may be issued only in accordance with a State law, regulation or binding policy directive establishing the conditions under which vehicles may be released by the State or under Statewide published guidelines and in exceptional circumstances specific to the offender's motor vehicle, and may not result in the unrestricted use of the vehicle by the repeat intoxicated driver.

[63 FR 55802, Oct. 19, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 59124, Oct. 4, 2000]

**§ 1275.5 Certification requirements.**

(a) Until a State has been determined to be in compliance, or after a State has been determined to be in non-compliance, with the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 164, to avoid the transfer of funds in any fiscal year, beginning with FY 2001, the State shall certify to the Secretary of Transportation, on or before September 30 of the previous fiscal year, that it meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 164 and this part.

(b) The certification shall be made by an appropriate State official, and it shall provide that the State has enacted and is enforcing a repeat intoxicated driver law that conforms to 23 U.S.C. 164 and §1275.4 of this part.

(1) If the State's repeat intoxicated driver law is currently in effect and is being enforced, the certification shall be worded as follows:

(Name of certifying official), (position title), of the (State or Commonwealth) of \_\_\_\_\_, do hereby certify that the (State or Commonwealth) of \_\_\_\_\_, has enacted and is enforcing a repeat intoxicated driver law that conforms to the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 164 and 23 CFR 1275.4, (citations to pertinent State statutes, regulations, case law or other binding legal requirements, including definitions, as needed).

(2) If the State's repeat intoxicated driver law is not currently in effect,