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- (vii) Lasalocid alone or with roxarsone in accordance with § 558.311.
- (viii) Monensin alone or with roxarsone in accordance with § 558.355.
- (ix) Nicarbazine alone or with narasin or roxarsone as in § 558.366.
- (x) Pyrantel as in § 558.485.
- (xi) Robenidine in accordance with § 558.515.
- (xii) Roxarsone in accordance with § 558.530.
- (xiii) Salinomycin with or without roxarsone as in § 558.550.
- (xiv) Zoalene in accordance with § 558.680.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 558.325, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 558.340 Maduramicin ammonium.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 4.54 grams per pound to 046573 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Tolerances.* See § 556.375 of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* (1) *Amount.* 4.54 to 5.45 grams per ton (5 to 6 parts per million) (1 to 1.2 pounds per ton).

(i) *Indications for use.* For prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria acervulina*, *E. tenella*, *E. brunetti*, *E. maxima*, *E. necatrix*, and *E. mivati*.

(ii) *Limitations.* For broiler chickens only. Feed continuously as sole ration. Do not feed to laying hens. Withdraw 5 days before slaughter.

(2) [Reserved]

[54 FR 5229, Feb. 2, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 26732, June 26, 1989; 54 FR 32635, Aug. 9, 1989; 54 FR 33885, Aug. 17, 1989; 55 FR 23, Jan. 2, 1990; 55 FR 8460, Mar. 8, 1990; 55 FR 49616, Nov. 30, 1990; 59 FR 8134, Feb. 18, 1994; 61 FR 18082, Apr. 24, 1996; 63 FR 27845, May 21, 1998; 66 FR 46706, Sept. 7, 2001]

§ 558.342 Melengestrol.

(a) *Specifications.* (1) Dry Type A medicated articles containing 100 or 200 milligrams (mg) melengestrol acetate per pound.

(2) Liquid Type A medicated article containing 500 mg melengestrol acetate per pound.

(b) *Approvals.* See No. 000009 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

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(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.380 of this chapter.

(d) *Special considerations.* (1) Type B or C medicated feeds may be manufactured from melengestrol acetate liquid Type A articles or Type B or C medicated feeds which have a pH of 4.0 to 8.0 and bear appropriate mixing directions as follows:

(i) For liquid Type B or C feeds stored in recirculating tank systems: Recirculate immediately prior to use for no less than 10 minutes, moving not less than 1 percent of the tank contents per minute from the bottom of the tank to the top. Recirculate daily as described even when not used.

(ii) For liquid Type B or C feeds stored in mechanical, air, or other agitation type tank systems: Agitate immediately prior to use for not less than 10 minutes, creating a turbulence at the bottom of the tank that is visible at the top. Agitate daily as described even when not used.

(2) A positionally stable melengestrol acetate liquid Type B or C feed will not be subject to the requirements for mixing directions prescribed in paragraphs (c)(1) of this section provided it has a pH of 4.0 to 8.0 and contains a suspending agent(s) sufficient to maintain a viscosity of not less than 300 centipoises per second for 3 months.

(3) Combination Type B or C medicated feeds containing lasalocid must be labeled in accordance with § 558.311(d)(5) of this chapter.

(4) Liquid combination Type B or C medicated feeds containing melengestrol acetate and lasalocid must be manufactured in accordance with § 558.311(d) of this chapter.

(5) Combination Type B or C medicated feeds containing monensin must be labeled in accordance with § 558.355(d) of this chapter.

(6) Liquid combination Type B or C medicated feeds containing melengestrol acetate and monensin must be manufactured in accordance with § 558.355(f)(3)(i) of this chapter.

(7) Liquid combination Type B or C medicated feeds containing melengestrol acetate and tylosin must be manufactured in accordance with § 558.625(c) of this chapter.

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(8) Liquid melengestrol acetate may not be mixed with oxytetracycline in a common liquid feed supplement. (e) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Cattle*.

Melengestrol acetate in mg/head/day	Combination in mg/head/day	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 0.25 to 0.5	Lasalocid 100 to 360	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: For increased rate of weight gain, improved feed efficiency, and suppression of estrus (heat).	Administer 0.5 to 2.0 pounds (lb)/head/day of medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to provide 0.25 to 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate/head/day.	000009
(ii) 0.5		Heifers intended for breeding: For suppression of estrus (heat).	Administer 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of Type C feed containing 0.25 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to provide 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate/head/day. Do not exceed 24 days of feeding.	000009
(iii) 0.25 to 0.5		Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section.	Add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a feed containing 10 to 30 grams (g) of lasalocid per ton; or add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate plus 50 to 720 mg lasalocid/lb to a ration of nonmedicated feed to provide 0.25 to 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate and 100 to 360 mg lasalocid/head/day. Lasalocid provided by No. 046573 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009
(iv) 0.25 to 0.5	Lasalocid 100 to 360 plus tylosin 90	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; and for reduced incidence of liver abscesses.	To administer 0.25 to 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate plus 100 to 360 mg lasalocid plus 90 mg tylosin/head/day: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a medicated feed containing 10 to 30 g lasalocid and 8 to 10 g tylosin per ton; or 2. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate plus 50 to 720 mg lasalocid/lb to 4.5 to 18 lb of a dry medicated feed containing 10 to 40 g tylosin per ton; or 3. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a dry pelleted medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate (from a dry Type A article), 50 to 720 mg lasalocid, and 45 to 180 mg tylosin/lb to a ration of nonmedicated feed. Lasalocid provided by No. 046573 and tylosin as tylosin phosphate by No. 000986 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009

Melengestrol acetate in mg/head/day	Combination in mg/head/day	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(v) 0.25 to 0.4	Monensin 50 to 360	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section.	Add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 0.80 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a feed containing 5 to 30 g monensin per ton; or add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 0.80 mg melengestrol acetate plus 25 to 720 mg monensin/lb to a non-medicated feed to provide 0.25 to 0.40 mg melengestrol acetate and 50 to 360 mg monensin/head/day. Monensin provided by No. 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009
(vi) 0.25 to 0.4	Monensin 50 to 360	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in item paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; and for the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to <i>Eimeria bovis</i> and <i>E. zuernii</i> .	Add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 0.80 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a feed containing 10 to 30 g monensin per ton; or add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 0.80 mg melengestrol acetate plus 25 to 720 mg monensin/lb to a non-medicated feed to provide 0.25 to 0.40 mg melengestrol acetate and 0.14 to 0.42 mg monensin/lb body weight, up to 360 mg monensin/head/day. Monensin provided by No. 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009
(vii) 0.25 to 0.5	Monensin 50 to 360 plus tylosin 60 to 90	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; for the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to <i>E. bovis</i> and <i>E. zuernii</i> ; and for reduced incidence of liver abscesses caused by <i>Fusobacterium necrophorum</i> and <i>Actinomyces (Corynebacterium) pyogenes</i> .	To administer 0.25 to 0.50 mg melengestrol acetate to 50 to 360 mg monensin plus 60 to 90 mg tylosin/head/day: 1. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a medicated feed containing 5 to 30 g monensin and 8 to 10 g tylosin per ton; or 2. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate plus 25 to 720 mg monensin per pound to 4.5 to 18 lb of a dry medicated feed containing 10 to 40 g tylosin per ton; or 3. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate (from a dry Type A article), 25 to 600 mg monensin, and 45 to 180 mg tylosin/lb to a ration of non-medicated feed. Monensin and tylosin as tylosin phosphate provided by No. 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009

Melengestrol acetate in mg/head/day	Combination in mg/head/day	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(viii) 0.25 to 0.5	Oxytetracycline 75	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; and for reduction of liver condemnation due to liver abscesses.	Add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a medicated feed (liquid or dry) containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb per pound to a feed containing 6 to 10 g oxytetracycline per ton; or add at the rate of 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day a dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate plus 37.5 to 150 mg oxytetracycline/lb to provide 0.25 to 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate and 75 mg oxytetracycline/head/day. Oxytetracycline as provided by No. 066104 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009
(ix) 0.25 to 0.5	Tylosin 60 to 90	Heifers fed in confinement for slaughter: As in paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section; and for reduced incidence of liver abscesses caused by <i>F. necrophorum</i> and <i>Actinomyces (Corynebacterium) pyogenes</i> .	To administer 0.25 to 0.5 mg melengestrol acetate with 60 to 90 mg tylosin/head/day: 1. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to a medicated feed containing 8 to 10 g tylosin per ton; or 2. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate/lb to 4.5 to 18 pounds of a dry medicated feed containing 10 to 40 g tylosin per ton; or 3. Add 0.5 to 2.0 lb/head/day of a liquid or dry medicated feed containing 0.125 to 1.0 mg melengestrol acetate (from a dry Type A article) plus 45 to 180 mg tylosin/lb to a ration of non-medicated feed. Tylosin as tylosin phosphate provided by No. 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000009

(2) [Reserved]

[42 FR 28535, June 3, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 18967, Mar. 27, 1981; 49 FR 39842, Oct. 11, 1984; 50 FR 1843, Jan. 14, 1985; 50 FR 16228, Apr. 25, 1985; 51 FR 7398, Mar. 3, 1986; 51 FR 36222, Oct. 9, 1986; 52 FR 2685, Jan. 26, 1987; 52 FR 33804, Sept. 8, 1987; 53 FR 27959, July 26, 1988; 55 FR 31828, Aug. 6, 1990; 57 FR 5053, Feb. 12, 1992; 59 FR 41241, Aug. 11, 1994; 60 FR 11028, Mar. 1, 1995; 62 FR 8373, Feb. 25, 1997; 62 FR 14304, Mar. 26, 1997; 63 FR 27845, May 21, 1998; 63 FR 41191, Aug. 3, 1998; 63 FR 66018, Dec. 1, 1998; 67 FR 47688, July 22, 2002]

§ 558.348 Mibolerone.

(a) *Approvals.* To No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for a canned dog food, each 6½ ounce can containing 30 or 60 micrograms of mibolerone.

(b) *Conditions of use—(1) Amount.* 30 micrograms for animals weighing up to

25 pounds; 60 micrograms for animals weighing 26 to 50 pounds; 120 micrograms for animals weighing 51 to 100 pounds; 180 micrograms for animals weighing over 100 pounds, or German Shepherds or German Shepherd mix weighing 30 to 80 pounds.

(2) *Indications for use.* For the prevention of estrus (heat) in adult female dogs not intended primarily for breeding purposes.

(3) *Limitations.* Administer daily at least 30 days before expected initiation of heat and continue as long as desired, but for not more than 12 months. Mibolerone should not be used in bitches before first estrous period or in purebred Bedlington terriers. It is not