

vulgaris); small strongyles (genera *Cylicostephanus*, *Cylicocyclus*, *Cyathostomum*, *Triodontophorus*, *Cylicodontophorus*, and *Gyalocephalus*); large roundworms (*Parascaris equorum*); pinworms (*Oxyuris equi*) including various larval stages; and threadworms (*Strongyloides westeri*).

(3) *Limitations*. Administer orally by syringe. Horses maintained on premises where reinfection is likely to occur should be re-treated in 6 to 8 weeks. Not for use in horses intended for food. Consult a veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[46 FR 50948, Oct. 16, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 36418, Aug. 20, 1982; 56 FR 50653, Oct. 8, 1991; 60 FR 55659, Nov. 2, 1995]

§ 520.1640 Oxibendazole suspension.

(a) *Specifications*. The suspension contains 10 percent oxibendazole.

(b) *Sponsor*. See 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use in horses*—(1) *Amount*. For use other than threadworms (*Strongyloides westeri*), 10 milligrams of oxibendazole per kilogram of body weight; for threadworms, 15 milligrams per kilogram of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use*. For removal and control of large strongyles (*Strongylus edentatus*, *S. equinus*, *S. vulgaris*); small strongyles (species of the genera *Cylicostephanus*, *Cylicocyclus*, *Cyathostomum*, *Triodontophorus*, *Cylicodontophorus*, and *Gyalocephalus*); large roundworms (*Parascaris equorum*); pinworms (*Oxyuris equi*) including various larval stages; and threadworms (*Strongyloides westeri*).

(3) *Limitations*. Administer by stomach tube in 3 to 4 pints of warm water, or by top dressing or mixing into a portion of the normal grain ration. Prepare individual doses to ensure that each animal receives the correct amount. Horses maintained on premises where reinfection is likely to occur should be re-treated in 6 to 8 weeks. Not for use in horses intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[45 FR 78119, Nov. 28, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 39812, Sept. 10, 1982; 56 FR 50653, Oct. 8, 1991; 60 FR 55659, Nov. 2, 1995]

§ 520.1660 Oxytetracycline.

§ 520.1660a Oxytetracycline and carbomycin in combination.

(a) *Specifications*. (1) Oxytetracycline: The antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces rimosus* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(2) Carbomycin: The antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces halstedii* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Special considerations*. The quantities of oxytetracycline in paragraph (e) of this section refer to the activity of oxytetracycline hydrochloride and the quantities of carbomycin listed refer to the activity of an appropriate standard.

(d) *Related tolerances*. See §§ 556.110 and 556.500 of this chapter.

(e) *Conditions of use*. It is used as oxytetracycline hydrochloride plus carbomycin base in drinking water of chickens as follows:

(1) *Amount*. 1.0 gram of oxytetracycline and 1.0 gram carbomycin per gallon.

(2) *Indications for use*. As an aid in the prevention and treatment of complicated chronic respiratory disease (air-sac infection) caused by *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* and secondary bacterial organisms associated with chronic respiratory disease such as *E. coli*.

(3) *Limitations*. Administer for not more than 5 days; not for use in chickens producing eggs for human consumption; withdraw 24 hours before slaughter.

§ 520.1660b Oxytetracycline hydrochloride capsules.

(a) *Specifications*. The drug is in capsule form with each capsule containing 125 or 250 milligrams of oxytetracycline hydrochloride. Oxytetracycline is the antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces rimosus* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.