

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 520.1242f

6- to 8-week intervals. Do not treat animals intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 32831, Aug. 5, 1975, as amended at 41 FR 48731, Nov. 5, 1976; 43 FR 11176 Mar. 17, 1978; 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

§ 520.1242d Levamisole resinate.

(a) *Specifications.* The drug is levamisole adsorbed on a resin, in a concentration equivalent to 10 percent levamisole hydrochloride. Each 2.05-ounce (58.1 gram) packet contains levamisole equivalent to 5.806 grams of levamisole hydrochloride.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 043781 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.350 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use.* In swine it is used as follows:

(1) *Amount.* The equivalent of 8 milligrams per kilogram of body weight, as a single dose, mixed in the animal's ration.

(2) *Indications for use.* For the removal of and control of the following nematode infections: large roundworms (*Ascaris suum*), nodular worms (*Oesophagostomum* spp.), lungworms (*Metastrongylus* spp.), intestinal threadworms (*Strongyloides ransomi*), and swine kidney worms (*Stephanurus dentatum*).

(3) *Limitations.* For pigs from weaning to market weight, mix one 58.1-gram packet of levamisole resinate containing the equivalent of 10-percent levamisole hydrochloride in 40 pounds of feed and administer 1 pound of medicated feed per 40 pounds of body weight as sole ration. For breeding swine, mix 1 packet of the 10-percent resinate in 16 pounds of feed and administer 1 pound of medicated feed per 100 pounds of body weight as sole ration. Administer as single doses. Withhold regular feed overnight and administer medicated feed the following morning. Do not withhold water during fasting. Do not treat within 72 hours of slaughter. Salivation or muzzle foam may be observed. The reaction will disappear a short time after feeding. If pigs are infected with mature lungworms, coughing and vomiting may be observed. Consult your veterinarian for

assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[43 FR 18171, Apr. 28, 1978, as amended at 45 FR 3574, Jan. 18, 1980]

§ 520.1242e Levamisole hydrochloride effervescent tablets.

(a) *Specifications.* Each tablet contains 907 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 053501 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.350 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use.* It is used for swine as follows:

(1) *Amount.* The equivalent of 8 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride per kilogram of body weight, as a single dose.

(2) *Indications for use.* See § 520.1242a(f)(3)(ii).

(3) *Limitations.* Withholding water from pigs before treatment is not necessary. Add one tablet for each 2½ gallons of water; mix thoroughly. Allow 1 gallon of medicated water for each 100 pounds body weight of pigs to be treated. No other source of water should be offered. After pigs have consumed medicated water, resume use of regular water. Pigs maintained under conditions of constant worm exposure may require re-treatment within 4 to 5 weeks. Consult your veterinarian before administering to sick swine. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism. Do not administer within 72 hours of slaughter for food.

[45 FR 6087, Jan. 25, 1980, as amended at 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

§ 520.1242f Levamisole hydrochloride gel.

(a) *Specifications.* The drug is a gel containing 11.5 percent levamisole hydrochloride.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 053501 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.350 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use—(1) Cattle—(i) Amount.* Eight milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride per kilogram of body weight, as a single oral dose.

(ii) *Indications for use.* Anthelmintic effective against the following nematode infections: Stomach worms

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(*Haemonchus*, *Trichostrongylus*, *Ostertagia*), intestinal worms (*Trichostrongylus*, *Cooperia*, *Nematodirus*, *Bunostomum*, *Oesophagostomum*), and lungworms (*Dictyocaulus*).

(iii) *Limitations*. Conditions of constant helminth exposure may require re-treatment within 2 to 4 weeks after the first treatment; do not administer to cattle within 6 days of slaughter for food; do not administer to dairy animals of breeding age; consult veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.

(2) *Breeding swine*—(i) *Amount*. Eight milligrams per kilogram of body weight (3.6 milligrams per pound) as a single oral dose.

(ii) *Conditions of use*. For treating breeding swine infected with the following nematodes: Large roundworms (*Ascaris suum*), nodular worms (*Oesophagostomum* spp.), lungworms (*Metastrongylus* spp.), intestinal threadworms (*Strongyloides ransomi*), and kidney worms (*Stephanurus dentatus*).

(iii) *Limitations*. May require retreatment in 4 to 5 weeks. Do not use within 11 days of slaughter for food. Consult your veterinarian for assistance before using in severely debilitated animals and in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[47 FR 22517, May 25, 1982; 47 FR 30242, July 13, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 11429, Mar. 18, 1983; 51 FR 29215, Aug. 15, 1986; 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

§520.1242g Levamisole resinate and famphur paste.

(a) *Chemical name of famphur*. *O*, *O*-Dimethyl *O*-[*p*-(dimethylsulfamoyl)phenyl] phosphorothioate.

(b) *Specifications*. The drug is a paste containing 11.6 percent levamisole resinate (50 percent potency) and 23.6 percent famphur.

(c) *Sponsor*. See 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) *Special considerations*. Do not use any cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, insecticides, or chemicals on cattle simultaneously or within a few days before or after treatment with this product.

(e) *Related tolerances*. See §556.350 of this chapter for levamisole and §556.273 of this chapter for famphur.

(f) *Conditions of use in cattle*—(1) *Amount*. 8 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride (equivalent) and 30 milligrams of famphur activity per kilogram of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use*. For treatment of cattle infected with the following parasites: Stomach worms (*Haemonchus*, *Trichostrongylus*, *Ostertagia*), intestinal worms (*Trichostrongylus*, *Cooperia*, *Nematodirus*, *Bunostomum*, *Oesophagostomum*), lungworms (*Dictyocaulus*), cattle grubs (*Hypoderma*), biting lice (*Bovicola*), and sucking lice (*Linognathus*, *Solenoptes*).

(3) *Limitations*. Drug is not effective against lice eggs. Conditions of constant helminth and ectoparasitic exposure may require retreatment within 2 to 4 weeks after first treatment. Do not administer to cattle within 19 days of slaughter. Do not administer to dairy animals of breeding age. Do not use in calves less than 3 months old, or in debilitated animals. Do not treat Brahman bulls. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[53 FR 23757, June 24, 1988, as amended at 54 FR 1353, Jan. 13, 1989; 57 FR 7652, Mar. 4, 1992; 62 FR 55160, Oct. 23, 1997; 62 FR 61625, Nov. 19, 1997]

§520.1263 Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate oral dosage forms.

§520.1263a Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate tablets and sirup.

(a) *Specifications*. The sirup contains lincomycin hydrochloride equivalent to either 25 milligrams or 50 milligrams of lincomycin.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use*. (1) The drug is indicated in infections caused by gram-positive organisms which are sensitive to its action, particularly streptococci and staphylococci.

(2) It is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 10 mgs per pound of body weight every 12 hours, or 7 mgs per pound of body weight every 8 hours. Treatment may be continued for