

**§ 660.303**

**50 CFR Ch. VI (10–1–02 Edition)**

**§ 660.303 Reporting and record-keeping.**

(a) This subpart recognizes that catch and effort data necessary for implementing the PCGFMP are collected by the States of Washington, Oregon, and California under existing state data collection requirements. Telephone surveys of the domestic industry may be conducted by NMFS to determine amounts of whiting that may be available for reallocation under 50 CFR 660.323 (a)(4)(v). No Federal reports are required of fishers or processors, so long as the data collection and reporting systems operated by state agencies continue to provide NMFS with statistical information adequate for management.

(b) Any person who is required to do so by the applicable state law must make and/or file, retain, or make available any and all reports of groundfish landings containing all data, and in the exact manner, required by the applicable state law.

(c) Any person landing groundfish must retain on board the vessel from which groundfish is landed, and provide to an authorized officer upon request, copies of any and all reports of groundfish landings containing all data, and in the exact manner, required by the applicable state law throughout the cumulative limit period during which a landing occurred and for 15 days thereafter.

[61 FR 34572, July 2, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 34608, June 25, 1998; 63 FR 40067, July 27, 1998; 65 FR 82953, Dec. 29, 2000]

**§ 660.304 Management areas.**

(a) *Vancouver*. (1) The northeastern boundary is that part of a line connecting the light on Tatoosh Island, WA, with the light on Bonilla Point on Vancouver Island, British Columbia (at 48°35'75" N. lat., 124°43'00" W. long.) south of the International Boundary between the U.S. and Canada (at 48°29'37.19" N. lat., 124°43'33.19" W. long.), and north of the point where that line intersects with the boundary of the U.S. territorial sea.

(2) The northern and northwestern boundary is a line connecting the following coordinates in the order listed, which is the provisional international

boundary of the EEZ as shown on NOAA/NOS Charts #18480 and #18007:

Point	N. lat.	W. long.
1 .....	48°29'37.19"	124°43'33.19"
2 .....	48°30'11"	124°47'13"
3 .....	48°30'22"	124°50'21"
4 .....	48°30'14"	124°54'52"
5 .....	48°29'57"	124°59'14"
6 .....	48°29'44"	125°00'06"
7 .....	48°28'09"	125°05'47"
8 .....	48°27'10"	125°08'25"
9 .....	48°26'47"	125°09'12"
10 .....	48°20'16"	125°22'48"
11 .....	48°18'22"	125°29'58"
12 .....	48°11'05"	125°53'48"
13 .....	47°49'15"	126°40'57"
14 .....	47°36'47"	127°11'58"
15 .....	47°22'00"	127°41'23"
16 .....	46°42'05"	128°51'56"
17 .....	46°31'47"	129°07'39"

(3) The southern limit is 47°30' N. lat.

(b) *Columbia*. (1) The northern limit is 47°30' N. lat.

(2) The southern limit is 43°00' N. lat.

(c) *Eureka*. (1) The northern limit is 43°00' N. lat.

(2) The southern limit is 40°30' N. lat.

(d) *Monterey*. (1) The northern limit is 40°30' N. lat.

(2) The southern limit is 36°00' N. lat.

(e) *Conception*. (1) The northern limit is 36°00' N. lat.

(2) The southern limit is the U.S.-Mexico International Boundary, which is a line connecting the following coordinates in the order listed:

Point	N. lat.	W. long.
1 .....	32°35'22"	117°27'49"
2 .....	32°37'37"	117°49'31"
3 .....	31°07'58"	118°36'18"
4 .....	30°32'31"	121°51'58"

(f) *International boundaries*. (1) Any person fishing subject to this subpart is bound by the international boundaries described in this section, notwithstanding any dispute or negotiation between the United States and any neighboring country regarding their respective jurisdictions, until such time as new boundaries are established or recognized by the United States.

(2) The inner boundary of the fishery management area is a line coterminous with the seaward boundaries of the States of Washington, Oregon, and California (the "3-mile limit").

(3) The outer boundary of the fishery management area is a line drawn in such a manner that each point on it is