

## Federal Trade Commission

## § 250.1

- 250.4 Leather and leather imitations.
- 250.5 Outer coverings.
- 250.6 Stuffing (including filling, padding, etc.).
- 250.7 Origin and style of furniture.
- 250.8 Deception as to being "new".
- 250.9 Misuse of the terms "floor sample", "discontinued model", etc.
- 250.10 Passing off through imitation or simulation of trademarks, trade names, etc.
- 250.11 Misrepresentation as to character of business.
- 250.12 Commercial bribery.
- 250.13 Other parts in this title 16 applicable to this industry.

AUTHORITY: 38 Stat. 717, as amended (15 U.S.C. 41-58).

SOURCE: 38 FR 34992, Dec. 21, 1973, unless otherwise noted.

### § 250.0 Definitions.

(a) *Industry member.* Any person, firm, corporation or organization engaged in the manufacture, offering for sale, sale or distribution of industry products as such products are hereinafter defined.

(b) *Industry products.* Articles of utility, convenience or decoration which are suitable for use as furniture in a house, apartment, or other dwelling place. Such articles include, but are not limited to, all kinds and types of chairs, tables, cabinets, desks, sofas, bedsteads, chests and mirror frames. The following products, covered by sets of trade practice rules heretofore promulgated, are not to be considered as coming within the purview of this definition: bed mattresses, bedsprings, metal cots, cedar chests, mirror glass, musical instruments, radio and television receiving sets and venetian blinds. Also excluded from the purview of this part are pictures, lamps, clocks, rugs, draperies as well as appliances and fixtures such as refrigerators and air conditioners.

(c) *Exposed surfaces.* Those parts and surfaces exposed to view when furniture is placed in the generally accepted position for use. Included in this definition are visible backs of such items of furniture as open bookcases, hutches, etc.

### § 250.1 Avoiding deception and making disclosures.

(a) *In general.* Industry members should not sell, offer for sale, or distribute any industry product under any

representation or circumstance, including failure to disclose material facts, that has the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers with respect to its utility, construction, composition, durability, design, style, quality, quantity or number of items, model, origin, manufacture, price, grade, or in any other material respect.

(b) *Affirmative disclosures.* Material facts concerning merchandise which, if known to prospective purchasers, would influence their decision of whether or not to purchase should be disclosed. This includes situations where deception may result from the appearance alone which in the absence of affirmative disclosures, could have the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving. For example, veneered construction, use of plastic with simulated wood appearance, use of materials or products that simulate other materials or products used in the manufacture of furniture, or use of simulated finish or grain design, are considered to be material facts and a failure to disclose such information may be an unfair trade practice violative of section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

(1) *Where disclosures should be made.* Unless otherwise provided, any affirmative disclosure which should be made under this part, should be on the industry product, or on a tag or label prominently attached thereto, and should be of such permanency as to remain on or attached to the product until consummation of sale to the consumer. Also, affirmative disclosures should appear in all advertising relating to industry products, irrespective of the media used, whenever statements, representations or depictions are used which could create an impression that the furniture is of a certain construction or composition and which, in the absence of such disclosures, could have the capacity to mislead purchasers or prospective purchasers.

(2) *The manner of disclosure.* In all cases in which the disclosure is necessary, it should be made in *close conjunction* with the representation or depiction to be qualified and should be of sufficient clarity, conspicuousness, and