

§ 94.19 Gelatin derived from horses or swine, or from ruminants that have not been in any region where bovine spongiform encephalopathy exists.

Gelatin derived from horses or swine, or from ruminants that have not been in any region listed in § 94.18(a) of this part, must be accompanied at the time of importation into the United States by an official certificate issued by a veterinarian employed by the national government of the region of origin. The official certificate must state the species of animal from which the gelatin is derived and, if the gelatin is derived from ruminants, certify that the gelatin is not derived from ruminants that have been in any region listed in § 94.18(a).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0015)

[58 FR 50251, Sept. 27, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 67134, Dec. 29, 1994; 62 FR 56023, Oct. 28, 1997]

§ 94.20 Importation of pork and pork products from Sonora and Yucatan, Mexico.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this part, pork and pork products from the States of Sonora and Yucatan, Mexico, may be imported into the United States under the following conditions:

(a) The pork or pork product is from swine that were born and raised in Sonora or Yucatan and slaughtered in Sonora or Yucatan at a federally inspected slaughter plant that is under the direct supervision of a full-time salaried veterinarian of the Government of Mexico and that is approved to export pork products to the United States in accordance with § 327.2 of this title.

(b) If processed, the pork or pork product was processed in either Sonora or Yucatan in a federally inspected processing plant that is under the direct supervision of a full-time salaried veterinarian of the Government of Mexico.

(c) The pork or pork product has not been in contact with pork or pork products from any State in Mexico other than Sonora or Yucatan or from any other region not listed in § 94.9(a) as a

region where hog cholera is not known to exist.

(d) The foreign meat inspection certificate accompanying the pork or pork product (required by § 327.4 of this title) includes a statement certifying that the requirements in paragraphs (a), (b) (if applicable), and (c) of this section have been met and, if applicable, a list of the numbers of the seals required by paragraph (e)(1) of this section.

(e) The shipment of pork or pork products has not been in any State in Mexico other than Sonora or Yucatan or in any other region not listed in § 94.9(a) as a region where hog cholera is not known to exist en route to the United States, unless:

(1) The pork or pork product arrives at the U.S. port of entry in shipping containers bearing intact, serially numbered seals that were applied at the federally inspected slaughter or processing plant in either Sonora or Yucatan by a full-time salaried veterinarian of the Government of Mexico, and the seal numbers correspond with the seal numbers listed on the foreign meat inspection certificate; or

(2) The pork or pork product arrives at the U.S. port of entry in shipping containers bearing seals that have different numbers than the seal numbers on the foreign meat inspection certificate, but, upon inspection of the hold, compartment, or container and all accompanying documentation, an APHIS representative is satisfied that the pork or pork product containers were opened and resealed en route by an appropriate official of the Government of Mexico and the pork or pork product was not contaminated or exposed to contamination during movement from Sonora or Yucatan to the United States.

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[65 FR 1536, Jan. 11, 2000]

§ 94.21 Restrictions on importation of beef from Argentina.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this part, fresh (chilled or frozen) beef from Argentina may be exported to the United States under the following conditions:

(a) The meat is beef from bovines that have been born, raised, and