

**§ 723.18 How do I obtain an exception?**

To obtain the exception, a federal credit union must submit documentation to the Regional Director, demonstrating that it meets the criteria of one of the exceptions. A state chartered federally insured credit union must submit documentation to its state supervisory authority. The state supervisory authority will forward its decision to NCUA. The exception does not expire unless revoked by the state supervisory authority for a state chartered federally insured credit union or the Regional Director for a federal credit union. If an exception request is denied for a federal credit union, it may be appealed to the NCUA Board within 60 days of the denial by the Regional Director. Until the NCUA Board acts on the appeal, the credit union can continue to make new member business loans.

**§ 723.19 What are the recordkeeping requirements?**

You must separately identify member business loans in your records and in the aggregate on your financial reports.

**§ 723.20 How can a state supervisory authority develop and enforce a member business loan regulation?**

(a) The NCUA Board may exempt federally insured state chartered credit unions in a given state from NCUA's member business loan rule if NCUA approves the state's rule for use for state chartered federally insured credit unions. In making this determination, the Board is guided by safety and soundness considerations and reviews whether the state regulation minimizes the risk and accomplishes the overall objectives of NCUA's member business loan rule in this part. Specifically, the Board will focus its review on:

- (1) The definition of a member business loan;
- (2) Loan to one borrower limits;
- (3) Written loan policies;
- (4) Collateral and security requirements;
- (5) Construction and development lending; and
- (6) Loans to senior management.

(b) To receive NCUA's approval of a state's members business loan rule, the state supervisory authority must submit its rule to the NCUA regional office. After reviewing the rule, the region will forward the request to the NCUA Board for a final determination.

**§ 723.21 Definitions.**

For purposes of this part, the following definitions apply:

*Associated member* is any member with a shared ownership, investment, or other pecuniary interest in a business or commercial endeavor with the borrower.

*Construction or development loan* is a financing arrangement for acquiring property or rights to property, including land or structures, with the intent to convert it to income-producing property such as residential housing for rental or sale; commercial use; industrial use; or similar uses.

*Immediate family member* is a spouse or other family member living in the same household.

*Loan-to-value ratio* is the aggregate amount of all sums borrowed including outstanding balances plus any unfunded commitment or line of credit from all sources on an item of collateral divided by the market value of the collateral used to secure the loan.

*Net Member Business Loan Balance* means the outstanding loan balance plus any unfunded commitments, reduced by any portion of the loan that is secured by shares in the credit union, or by shares or deposits in other financial institutions, or by a lien in the member's primary residence, or insured or guaranteed by any agency of the federal government, a state or any political subdivision of such state, or subject to an advance commitment to purchase by any agency of the federal government, a state or any political subdivision of such state, or sold as a participation interest without recourse and qualifying for true sales accounting under generally accepted accounting principles.

*Net worth* is retained earnings as defined under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Retained earnings normally includes undivided earnings,