

§ 550.571 Payment for and financing of commercial sales of agricultural commodities and products, medicine, and medical equipment.

(a) *General license for payment terms.* The following payment terms for sales of agricultural commodities and products, medicine, and medical equipment pursuant to §§ 550.569 and 550.570 are authorized:

- (1) Payment of cash in advance;
- (2) Sales on open account, provided that the account receivable may not be transferred by the person extending the credit; or
- (3) Financing by third-country financial institutions that are neither United States persons nor Government of Libya entities. Such financing may be confirmed or advised by U.S. financial institutions.

(b) *Specific licenses for alternate payment terms.* Specific licenses may be issued on a case-by-case basis for payment terms and trade financing not authorized by the general license in paragraph (a) of this section for sales pursuant to §§ 550.569 and 550.570. See § 501.801(b) of this chapter for specific licensing procedures.

(c) *No debits to blocked accounts.* Nothing in this section authorizes payment terms or trade financing involving a debit to an account of the Government of Libya blocked pursuant to this part.

(d) *Transfers through the U.S. financial system.* Before a United States financial institution initiates a payment on behalf of any customer, or credits a transfer to the account on its books of the ultimate beneficiary, the United States financial institution must determine that the underlying transaction is not prohibited by this part. Any payment relating to a transaction authorized in or pursuant to § 550.569, 550.570, or 550.572 that is routed through the U.S. financial system must reference the relevant Office of Foreign Assets Control license authorizing the payment to avoid the blocking or rejection of the transfer.

[64 FR 41790, Aug. 2, 1999, as amended at 64 FR 58791, Nov. 1, 1999]

§ 550.572 Brokering sales of bulk agricultural commodities.

(a) *General license for brokering sales by U.S. persons.* United States persons

are authorized to broker the sale and exportation or reexportation by United States persons of the bulk agricultural commodities listed in appendix A to this part 550 to individuals in Libya acting for their own account, non-governmental entities in Libya, procurement bodies of the Government of Libya identified by the Office of Foreign Assets Control as not being affiliated with the coercive organs of the state, or persons in third countries purchasing specifically for resale to any of the foregoing, provided that the brokered sales meet all conditions of § 550.570.

(b) *Specific licensing for brokering sales by non-U.S. persons.* Specific licenses may be issued on a case-by-case basis to permit United States persons to broker the sale and exportation or reexportation of bulk agricultural commodities by non-United States persons to persons in Libya or the Government of Libya. Specific licenses issued pursuant to this section will authorize the brokerage only of sales that:

- (1) Are limited to the bulk agricultural commodities listed in appendix A to this part 550;
- (2) Are to purchasers permitted pursuant to paragraphs (b)(2) and (e) of § 550.570;
- (3) Make any performance involving the exportation or reexportation of any goods, technology or services (including technical data, software, or information) that are subject to license application requirements of another Federal agency contingent upon the prior authorization of that agency. (For example, items classified EAR99 under the Export Administration Regulations, 15 CFR parts 730 through 774, may in certain instances require a license from the Department of Commerce, Bureau of Export Administration. See, e.g., 15 CFR 736.2(b)(5), 744.2 through 744.4, 744.7, and 744.10; see also 22 CFR 123.9.)

(c) *No debit to blocked accounts.* Payment for any brokerage fee earned pursuant to this section may not involve a debit to an account blocked pursuant to this part.

(d) *Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.* Attention is drawn to the

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recordkeeping, retention, and reporting requirements of §§ 501.601 and 501.602.

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§ 550.573 Travel transactions in connection with licensed sales of agricultural commodities and products, medicine, and medical products.

Travel transactions to, from, and within Libya for the sole purpose of negotiating contracts authorized by § 550.569 or § 550.570 are authorized. Travel transactions related to installation or servicing of medical equipment sold pursuant to § 550.569 must be authorized by specific license. See § 501.801(b) of this chapter for specific licensing procedures.

NOTE TO § 550.573. U.S. passports must be validated by the U.S. Department of State for travel to Libya.

[64 FR 41791, Aug. 2, 1999]

Subpart F—Reports

§ 550.601 Records and reports.

For provisions relating to records and reports, see subpart C of part 501 of this chapter.

[62 FR 45108, Aug. 25, 1997]

Subpart G—Penalties

§ 550.701 Penalties.

(a) Attention is directed to section 206 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (the “Act”) (50 U.S.C. 1705), which is applicable to violations of the provisions of any license, ruling, regulation, order, direction or instruction issued by or pursuant to the direction or authorization of the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to this part or otherwise under the Act. Section 206 of the Act, as adjusted by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101–410, as amended, 28 U.S.C. 2461 note), provides that:

(1) A civil penalty of not to exceed \$11,000 per violation may be imposed on any person who violates any license, order, or regulation issued under the Act;

(2) Whoever willfully violates any license, order, or regulation issued under the Act shall, upon conviction be fined

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not more than \$50,000, or, if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both; and any officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both.

(b) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to increase pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

(c) Attention is also directed to 18 U.S.C. 1001, which provides that whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States, knowingly and willfully falsifies, conceals or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact, or makes any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or representation or makes or uses any false writing or document knowing the same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or entry, shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

(d) Attention is directed to 18 U.S.C. 2332d, as added by Public Law 104–132, section 321, which provides that, except as provided in regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, a U.S. person, knowing or having reasonable cause to know that a country is designated under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act, 50 U.S.C. App. 2405, as a country supporting international terrorism, engages in a financial transaction with the government of that country, shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.

(e) Violations of this part may also be subject to relevant provisions of the Customs laws and other applicable laws.

[51 FR 1354, Jan. 10, 1986, as amended at 61 FR 43461, Aug. 23, 1996; 61 FR 54939, Oct. 23, 1996; 62 FR 45108, Aug. 25, 1997]

§ 550.702 Detention of shipments.

Import shipments into the United States of goods of Libyan origin in violation of § 550.201 and export shipments from the United States of goods destined for Libya in violation of § 550.202 shall be detained. No such import or export shall be permitted to proceed,