

not in violation of section 164(e)(1) of the Act.

(d) If offset is granted, the debt shall not be fully satisfied until the Grant Officer reduces amounts allotted to the State by the amount of the misexpenditure.

(e) The recipient shall not have the authority to reduce allocations to an SDA or SSG for misexpenditure of JTPA funds under section 164(d) of the Act.

Subpart H—Hearings by the Office of Administrative Law Judges

§ 627.800 Scope and purpose.

(a) The jurisdiction of the Office of the Administrative Law Judges (OALJ) extends only to those complainants identified in sections 141(c), 144(d), 164(f), and 166(a) of the Act.

(b) Actions arising under section 167 of the Act shall be handled under 29 CFR part 34.

(c) All other disputes arising under the Act shall be adjudicated under the appropriate recipient or subrecipient grievance procedures or other applicable law.

§ 627.801 Procedures for filing request for hearing.

(a) Within 21 days of receipt of a final determination imposing a sanction or corrective action or denying financial assistance, the applicant, the recipient, the SDA, the SSG, or other subrecipient, or a vendor against which the Grant Officer has imposed a sanction or corrective action may appeal the Grant Officer's determination to the OALJ. A request for a hearing shall be transmitted by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Chief Administrative Law Judge, U.S. Department of Labor, 800 K Street, NW., Suite 400, Washington, DC 20001, with one copy to the departmental official who issued the determination.

(b) The 21-day filing requirement in paragraph (a) of this section is jurisdictional. Failure to timely request a hearing acts as a waiver of the right to hearing.

(c) A request for a hearing under this section shall state specifically those issues of the final determination upon which review is requested. Those provi-

sions of the final determination not specified for review, or the entire final determination when no hearing has been requested within the 21 days, shall be considered resolved and not subject to further review. Only alleged violations of the Act, regulations promulgated thereunder, grant or other agreement under the Act fairly raised in the determination and the request for hearing are subject to review.

(d) The procedures set forth in this subpart apply in the case of a complainant who has not had a dispute adjudicated under the alternative dispute resolution process set forth in § 627.805 of this part within 60 days, except that the request for hearing before the OALJ must be filed within 15 days of the conclusion of the 60-day period. In addition to including the final determination upon which review is requested, the complainant shall include a copy of any Stipulation of Facts and a brief summary of proceedings.

§ 627.802 Rules of procedure.

(a) The rules of practice and procedure promulgated by the OALJ, at subpart A of 29 CFR part 18, shall govern the conduct of hearings under this section, except that a request for hearing under this section shall not be considered a complaint to which the filing of an answer by DOL or a DOL agency or official is required. Technical rules of evidence shall not apply to hearings conducted pursuant to this part; however, rules or principles designed to assure production of the most credible evidence available and to subject testimony to cross-examination shall apply.

(b) *Prehearing procedures.* In all cases, the ALJ should encourage the use of prehearing procedures to simplify and to clarify facts and issues.

(c) *Subpoenas.* Subpoenas necessary to secure the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents or things at hearings shall be obtained from the ALJ and shall be issued pursuant to the authority contained in section 163(b) of the Act, incorporating 15 U.S.C. 49.

(d) *Timely submission of evidence.* The ALJ shall not permit the introduction at the hearing of any documentation if such documentation has not been made