

activities. Such initial determination shall be based upon the requirements of the Act, regulations promulgated thereunder, grants, contracts, or other agreements under the Act.

(c) *Informal resolution.* The Grant Officer shall not revoke a recipient's grant in whole or in part, nor institute corrective actions or sanctions, without first providing the recipient with an opportunity to present documentation or arguments to resolve informally those matters in controversy contained in the initial determination. The initial determination shall provide for an informal resolution period which shall be at least 60 days from issuance of the initial determination. If the matters are resolved informally, the Grant Officer shall issue a final determination pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section which notifies the parties in writing of the nature of the resolution and may close the file.

(d) *Grant Officer's final determination.* (1) If the matter is not fully resolved informally, the Grant Officer shall provide each party with a written final determination by certified mail, return receipt requested. For audits of recipient-level entities and other recipients which receive JTPA funds directly from DOL, ordinarily the final determination will be issued not later than 180 days from the date that the OIG issues the final approved audit report to the Employment and Training Administration. For audits of subrecipients conducted by the OIG, ordinarily the final determination will be issued not later than 360 days from the date the OIG issues the final approved audit report to ETA.

(2) A final determination under this paragraph (d) shall:

- (i) Indicate that efforts to informally resolve matters contained in the initial determination have been unsuccessful;
- (ii) List those matters upon which the parties continue to disagree;
- (iii) List any modifications to the factual findings and conclusions set forth in the initial determination;
- (iv) Establish a debt, if appropriate;
- (v) Require corrective action when needed;
- (vi) Determine liability, method of restitution of funds and sanctions; and

(vii) Offer an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with subpart H of this part.

(3) Unless a hearing is requested, a final determination under this paragraph (d) constitutes final agency action and is not subject to further review.

(e) Nothing in this section shall preclude the Grant Officer from issuing an initial determination and/or final determination directly to a subrecipient, in accordance with section 164(e)(3) of the Act. In such a case, the Grant Officer shall inform the recipient of such action.

§ 627.607 Grant Officer resolution of Governor's failure to promptly take action.

(a) An allegation, whether arising from a complaint, from monitoring or other information available to the Department, that a Governor failed to promptly take remedial action of a substantial violation of the Act or the regulations under this Act, as required by § 627.477 of this part, shall be promptly investigated by the Department.

(b) The Grant Officer shall notify the Governor of the findings of the investigation or monitoring and shall give the Governor a period of time, not to exceed 30 days, to comment on the nature of the findings and to take appropriate corrective actions.

(c) The Grant Officer shall review the complete file of the investigation, monitoring, and the Governor's actions.

(d) If the Grant Officer determines that, (1) as a result financial and compliance audits or otherwise, the Governor determined that there was a substantial violation of a specific provision of the Act or the regulations under this Act, and corrective action had not been taken and, (2) the Grant Officer determines that the Governor has not taken the actions required by § 627.477(a), the Grant Officer shall take such actions required by § 627.477(a).

(e) The Grant Officer's determination, unless a hearing is requested, constitutes final agency action and is not subject to further review. (Section 164(b)(3)).